

Looked After & Previously Looked After Pupils Policy

Adopted by Symphony Learning Trust	August 2021
on	
Next Review Due	Change in Regulations
Version	1

1.0 Introduction

Looked-After Children (LAC) and Previously Looked-After Children (PLAC) may (or may not)have some or all the following issues:

- low self esteem
- poor education standards due to time out of school
- delayed social/emotional/cognitive development
- bullying (either victim or perpetrator)
- prone to mental health issues
- isolated with few friends
- behavioural difficulties
- poor attachments to others
- a need to be very private

This makes them an extremely vulnerable group in terms of education and future life- chances. The Board of Trustees of Symphony Learning Trust is committed to ensuring that these children are supported as fully as possible.

2.0 Aims

At Symphony Learning Trust, we will do for Looked-After Children (LAC) and Previously Looked-After Children (PLAC) what we do for all children, only more so. We aim to ensure that LAC and PLAC excel, as we aim for all children to excel. We aim to overcome their barriers to learning and enable them to leave us happy and secure in themselves, and also tounderstand that they have control over their destiny and that education does matter. We will listen to what LAC and PLAC tell us about what they want from their education, and we will tryto address any concerns or issues raised through various means including the school's Student Council and surveys.

Symphony Learning Trust strives to ensure that the culture and ethos of the school are such that, whatever the heritage and origins of members of the school, pupils are provided with the opportunity to experience, understand and celebrate diversity.

3.0 Objectives

Symphony Learning Trust will support LAC and PLAC by:

- ensuring an effective induction for the child & carer when joining the school, or for thecarer when a child who is already on the school roll comes into care
- balancing high levels of teaching and learning support with academic challenge
- ensuring that each child has a high quality Personal Education Plan (PEP)
- linking each child to a key person they relate well to
- making it a priority to know the children well and to build strong relationships
- developing strong relationships with carers, local authorities (including the VirtualSchool Head (VSH)) and specialist agencies

- encouraging LAC and PLAC to take responsibility for their learning, and giving them the necessary support
- engaging LAC and PLAC in learning, outside the classroom and in after-schoolactivities
- intervening promptly if a problem emerges (e.g. behaviour or attendance)
- giving integrated but low-profile support in school to each LAC and PLAC so that they are not made to feel different from other children
- planning for future transitions (e.g. to secondary school).

4.0 Legislation and Statutory Guidance

This policy is based on the Department for Education's statutory guidance, Keeping ChildrenSafe in Education (September 2018) and Working Together to Safeguard Children (July 2018) We comply with this guidance and the procedures set out by our local safeguarding children board.

This policy is also based on the following legislation:

The designated teacher for looked-after and previously looked-after children (February 2018)

Promoting the education of looked-after children and previously looked-after children (February 2018)

From 1 September 2009 the governing bodies of all maintained schools have been required under the <u>Children and Young Persons Act 2008 (the 2008 Act)</u> to appoint a designated teacher (DT) to promote the educational achievement of children in care who are on the school roll.

5.0 Roles and Responsibilities

Each Symphony Trust school will have a named designated lead and designated local governing body governor with responsibility for Looked-After and Previously Looked-After Children

The Role of the Local Governing Body

The Local Governing Body will ensure that the Designated Teacher and the named Governor undertake appropriate training

The Local Governing Body will ensure that the Designated Teacher is a member of theSenior Leadership Team or is directly line managed by a member of the Senior Leadership Team

- Governors will consider reports from the Headteacher relating to attainment, attendance, progress, Personal Education Plans, LACs with Special Educational Needs or who are gifted and talented, the impact on school development plans and any other relevant information
- The Local Governing Body, the Head Teacher and School Leadership Team will act on anyissues raised in the report and will ensure that:
 - the school has a clear overview of the educational needs and progress of LAC onroll

- the school's policies are effective in reflecting LAC's need
- resources are allocated to support the Designated Teacher to carry out this role effectively for the benefit of LAC.

5.2 The role of the Head Teacher

- To ensure that, in partnership with the Local Governing Body, the Designated Teacher has the opportunity to acquire and update the necessary skills, knowledge and training needed to understand and respond to the specific teaching and learning needs of LAC and PLAC
- To make sure that the Designated Teacher role deepens the understanding of everyone in the school who is likely to be involved in supporting children in care toachieve
- In partnership with the Local Governing Body, to monitor the effectiveness of the role of the Designated Teacher
- To oversee the development of the policy on LAC and PLAC
- To evaluate the standards and achievement of LAC and PLAC and report theseto the Local Governing Body
- To ensure that all staff are given the opportunity to attend training courses that willhelp them develop the skills and knowledge needed to support LAC and PLAC

5.3 The role of the Designated Teacher within the school

- To take lead responsibility for helping school staff to understand the things that affecthow LAC and PLAC learn and achieve
- To promote a culture of high expectations and aspirations for how LAC and PLAClearn
- To promote the educational achievement of every LAC and PLAC on the school's roll
- To contribute to the development and review of whole school policies to ensure that they do not unintentionally put LAC or PLAC at a disadvantage
- To ensure, in partnership with other staff, that there are effective and well understoodschool procedures in place to support LAC and PLAC learning.
- To ensure that the young person has a voice in setting learning targets
- To be a source of advice for staff about differentiated teaching strategies appropriatefor individual children and making full use of Assessment for Learning (AfL)
- To ensure that LAC and PLAC are prioritised in one-to-one tuition arrangements and that parents/carers understand the importance of supporting learning at home
- To have lead responsibility for the development and implementation of the child'sPersonal Education Plan (PEP) within the school
- To set up systems to monitor and record the progress of all LAC and PLAC, and establish a system for contacting and forwarding educational records to new schoolsto facilitate a smooth and speedy transfer
- To act as the named contact for colleagues in social care and health, and ensureeffective communication between all relevant parties
- To ensure that the school file for LAC and PLAC holds all the essential information
- To arrange for a mentor or peer mentor for each LAC or PLAC on the school roll.

5.4 The role of all staff

- To ensure that all LAC and PLAC are made to feel welcome and included
- To have high expectations of LAC and PLAC's involvement in learning and educational progress
- To be aware of the emotional, psychological and social effects of loss and separation from birth families

- To understand the reasons which may be behind a LAC or PLAC's behaviour, andwhy they may need more support than other children
- To understand how important it is to see LAC and PLAC as individuals and notpublicly treat them differently from their peers
- To appreciate the central importance of showing sensitivity about who else knowsabout a LAC or PLAC's status
- To understand both what a PEP is, and its importance in helping to create a shared understanding between teachers, carers, social workers and, depending on age and understanding, the child him or herself and an understanding of what everyoneneeds to do to help the child's achieve his or her potential

6.0 Confidentiality

Information on LAC and PLAC will be shared with school staff on a "need to know basis". The Designated Teacher will discuss what information is shared with which school staff at the PEP meeting. Once this has been agreed with the social worker, carer, young person, and other parties, complete confidentiality is to be maintained.

7.0 Personal Education Plans (PEPs)

All LAC must have a care plan drawn up and reviewed by the Local Authority that looks afterthem. The care plan must include a Personal Education Plan (PEP); this forms part of the child's official school record. The school and the Local Authority have a shared responsibilityfor making sure that the PEP is a useful document. There will be discussion about how the child, the school and the Local Authority can together ensure that through the content, implementation and review of the PEP, the child achieves well. These meetings will involve the young person concerned, the parents/carers, the social worker, a teacher and other professionals, as appropriate. If the child has a Statement of Special Educational Needs, this should be reviewed annually and should, where possible, tie in with the PEP.

8.0 Admission/Induction Arrangements

LAC and PLAC are a priority for admission and all schools follow their published admission criteria. On admission to the school or to care, parents/carers will be given an introductory booklet about the school's expectations and processes, and the child will meetwith the Designated Teacher for LAC and PLAC. The Designated Teacher will identify any relevant issues, academic or pastoral, and ensure the child feels supported in the school. Consideration will be given to giving the child a mentor. On admission, records will be requested from the child's previous school, and as soon as practicable after they are received, a meeting will be held with the parents/carers, a social worker, other relevant professionals and the child, as appropriate, to put together a new PEP. This early meeting willensure that communication systems are established from the outset. If records are not received promptly, we will undertake our own assessment to make sure that the teaching and support received are appropriate. We will endeavour to meet the statutory time scales for PEPs as outlined in guidance.

When children already on school roll enter care, the school will ensure that they meet the Designated Teacher as soon as possible, and that the child and his/her parents/carers are made aware of the school's procedures and additional support arrangements. A meeting withother parties will be arranged and a PEP will be prepared as soon as possible; we will follow the procedure adopted for those children at the school who are already in care.

At the first PEP meeting, we will seek clarification from the social worker as to who requires school reports and who may give permission for school trips and other such activities. At thismeeting all means of communication to aid the exchange of information between statutory meetings will be discussed and agreed; this might include a home/school book to detail any sudden significant changes in the child's circumstances.

Many LAC and PLAC do not want school staff to be aware of their care status because it makes them feel 'different'. We will discuss this with the child, and agree who should be aware of his/her care status; however, we recognise that in some cases – for example, if thechild has a severe learning difficulty – this may not be possible.

9.0 Specific Support

9.1 One-to-one Tuition

All LAC are entitled to extra support as part of a government scheme; this includes one-to-one tuition in English and/or Maths even if they appear to be reaching expected levels of attainment. The school is committed to prioritising all LAC for this tuition.

9.2 Additional funding

LAC and PLAC are entitled to additional funding to help improve their outcomes and narrowthe gap between their outcomes and those of their peers. Eligibility for such funding and thesums of money available will be determined in line with government policy.

The school is committed to ensuring effective use of this dedicated funding, where available, for all eligible LAC and PLAC on roll to provide additional, personalised support and ensure accelerated progress in order to improve outcomes.

The appropriate use of allocated funding will be assessed by reference to the PersonalEducation Plan.

9.3 School Trips and Special Activities

We aim to ensure that LAC and PLAC enjoy as many extra-curricular opportunities as possible. Responsibility for giving permission for school trips and enrichment opportunities lies with the social worker, although this is often delegated to carers. The person who may give permission will be identified at the first PEP meeting. If there is any uncertainty, we will always send consent forms to the social worker. **Looked-After Children (LAC)** are those who are in the care of a local authority, or are being provided with accommodation by a local authority in England in the exercise of their social services functions.

Previously Looked-After Children (PLAC) are those who immediately after being in care (as defined above) became subject to an adoption order, child arrangements order or specialguardianship order.

A **Special Guardianship Order (SGO)** appoints one or more individuals to be a child's special guardian(s)

A **Child Arrangements Order** settles the arrangements of the person the child is to live with

Appendix 2 Complaints Procedure

If a young person, parent/carer or social worker wishes to complain about the provision or policy, they should in the first instance raise it with the Designated Teacher, who will try toresolve the situation together with the parent/carer and the social worker.

If the issue cannot be resolved within 10 working days, the young person, parent/carer or social worker may submit a formal complaint in writing to the Head Teacher. The Head Teacher will investigate the complaint and respond within 10 working days, unless the formal complaint is about the conduct of the Head Teacher him/herself; in these circumstances, the complaint will go straight to the Chair of the school's Governing Body.

Any issues that remain unresolved at this stage should be addressed in a meeting called to assess the impact of any such complaint on the child's education. Those attending the meeting may include the Governor with special responsibility for children in care and representatives of any outside agency whose presence is required by both parties. This meeting should normally be held within 10 working days of the Head Teacher's response. Pupils who wish to make a formal complaint against the school or about their care will beadvised of the support available for children in care.

